Whose eternal nightmare is the bloody battle of Changjin Lake? - Temple of Literature - World Wide Blog - World Wide Reader Network (computer version)

The patriotic film Changjin Lake during the National Day holiday in mainland China was released on September 30. It is reported that the box office has now exceeded 2 billion yuan, breaking the single-day box office record of Chinese war films set by War Wolf 2. The official media praised "a vivid interpretation of the great spirit of resisting the United States and helping North Korea". A large number of WeChat posts, videos..., all of which added oil and vinegar to the Battle of Changjin Lake, have emerged, countless of which are said to have destroyed the invincible, the first division of the United States' ace army in World War II, using the words "heavy, mutilation, annihilation, and annihilation". The number of casualties is even more exaggerated. For example, 100,000 "volunteers" fought against 150,000 United Nations troops, of which 25,000 Army Division 17,000 (or more) were annihilated and completely lost their combat effectiveness, which is a "world feat". Most official media admit that the volunteers were frozen to death in large numbers, but some people used U.S. military documentaries to falsely say that "U.S. prisoners of war" paid tribute to the ice sculpture warriors, because they were all feared by the volunteers and became the eternal nightmare of the U.S. military. Many people said that because of the "defeat of Changjin Lake" of the U.S. military, the North Korean war situation was completely reversed and laid the foundation for the final "great victory" of the "anti-American aid".

Against the background of the confrontation between the United States

and China, the high-profile commemoration of the 70th anniversary of the resistance to the United States and aid to North Korea has attracted the attention of the outside world. The analysis of the critical article pointed out that "the proportion of American and Chinese soldiers sacrifices in the Changjin Lake Battle was as high as 1:40. In the past, the Chinese Communist Party felt humiliated and did not want to mention it at all. Now, in order to stir up the nationalist craze, it advocates the so-called "not afraid of death and not afraid of suffering", which is intended to mobilize the anti-American sentiment of young people and divert domestic economic difficulties. , prepare to encourage cannon fodder to go to the battlefield. A "political commentator" said, "The Battle of Changjin Lake in the history of the U.S.-China Korean War was a war that the Communist Party of China did not want to mention before, because the Ninth Corps of the Communist Party of China had more than 100,000 troops, and a division of the United States was about 10,000 people. Although the U.S. army was surrounded, the United States successfully evacuated the division." Since the media DeepFocus criticized that the film intended to completely depict the grand history of the Korean battlefield in the early days of the founding of the People's Republic of China from all angles, but the final quality was not satisfactory. Questioning "Who is dedicated to the crude main melody?", and even revealed that some of the full-time shows are only half of the actual audience, suggesting that the box office has a "water injection" component. Not only was the article deleted, but also the account was blocked.

It is not difficult to find the historical truth of the bloody battle of Changjin Lake in 1950. Both the United States and China, especially the high-level officials of the Communist Party of China, have had a relatively objective and sober introspection and understanding in history. Although the Communist Party of China did not clearly say to the public, it covered the lid and covered up the ugliness. The above two descriptions of the Battle of Changjin Lake are actually biased. The current deliberate propaganda

of the Communist Party of China is mostly a lie, which not only completely betrays the conclusion of the senior leadership of the Communist Party of China, but also blasphemes and humiliates hundreds of thousands of soldiers who sacrifice. Although the Communist Party of China has erased a lot of memories on the Internet, it is not difficult to find the historical truth overseas as long as you search. Of course, it is much more difficult for the people of the mainland. I don't want to dig deep into the details for netizens, but simply sort out the basic facts from three aspects, including the memories of the elders at home, for readers to discuss and refer to.

Quantitative misdirection

Since the landing in Incheon, the U.S. military has used all the troops to be investigated. As for the volunteer army, it has always been a secret. Therefore, the number of victims, from 300,000 to millions, has been reported. Russia has already confirmed the data since the collapse of the Soviet Union. On the eastern front of Changjin Lake, the Ninth Corps of the Communist Party of China has three armies, each with four reinforcement divisions. It is reported that there are 50,569 men in the 20th Army, 48,894 people in the 26th Army, and 50,501 people in the 27th Army, with a total strength of more than 150,000; "The Ninth Corps was designated to liberate Taiwan! At that time, the fertile was strong and was gathering on the southeast coast to practice crossing the sea and landing. The weapons were relatively advanced, and the personnel were comprehensively exceeding the standard!" The First Division of the U.S. Marine Corps has about 24,000 troops in this area, and a small number of British troops will not exceed 30,000. The common misdirection is to include the Korean army that did not participate in the war and far away from Changjin Lake (in the end, they did evacuate together at the seaside). After the war, the First Marine Division corrected the number of dead many times. Please note that this is the total number of dead in four months after the landing in Incheon in September and the evacuation

from the coast at the end of the year. The actual number of deaths in the Changjin Lake area is only between 700 and 900. The burial of the U.S. military (the remains were sent back to DC after the war), the transfer of wounded soldiers and boarding have detailed records. The number of people evacuated from Xingnan Port in the last time, the 1st Army Division, and about 1,000 seriously injured personnel had been directly transported to Japan by air.

The biggest misguiding is the number of frostbite. Although the 1st Army Division had previously fought in the tropics, the U.S. military obviously had very suitable anti-freeze uniforms. Even so, thousands of people were frostbite, but no deaths from frostbite were reported. On the other hand, the East China Ninth Corps, which had built a wonderful work in the "Liberation War", did not listen to the advice of the local military in Shenyang that "this will freeze to death". It believed that as long as it was light-packed (deliberately throwing heavy weapons such as cannons at home), quietly occupied the mountains to control the canyon, and using the magic weapon of night melee, it could easily "one-word line" The scattered Land War 1st Division was surrounded and easily annihilated. But the fact is that these "magic weapons" are completely ineffective, but they only delay the speed of the U.S. military retreat and cause a large number of frostbite on both sides.

If the number of frostbites calculated by the U.S. military itself is also included in the number of people eliminated on the battlefield, what should be the losses of the volunteers? The volunteer division and the cadres above were equipped with fur coats. At that time, Chi Haotian, who participated in the war, belonged to the battalion-level cadres and wore the same clothes as the soldiers. The battlefield video of the U.S. military filmed a lot of volunteer officers and soldiers who were frozen and wanted to eat down the mountain. However, the U.S. military's definition of frostbite includes recoverable minor injuries. According to Chi Haotian's video recall, he knew how to prevent frostbite because of

his childhood experience in the northeast. Almost all of the whole camp had frostbite except himself. According to this inferent, some people say that about 100,000 people in the Ninth Corps of 150,000 people have completely lost their combat effectiveness, which should be a conservative estimate.

Strategic misdirection

Exaggerating the retreat of the U.S. army as "defeat", and claiming that without the repeated repair of the Watergate Bridge in the end, the 1st Army Division would be completely eliminated before going to sea. What is the truth? The U.S. military did not anticipate Stalin's ambition and the possibility of forcing the Communist Party of China to intervene widely. Kim Il Sung rashly advanced to the south in an attempt to control the entire peninsula. After the U.S. army landed in Incheon, the situation was reversed, and Jin defeated and retreated to the Sino-North Korean border area to resist. Without the intervention of the outside world, the West will definitely unify the peninsula. However, the Communist Party of China quietly sent at least 400,000 troops from the beginning, intending to eat several divisions of the U.S. military, thus trashing the morale of the U.S. military and forcing the U.S. military, which was restrained by domestic public opinion in the United States, to completely withdraw from the peninsula. The U.S. Army began to think that the Chinese Communist Party had only tens of thousands of troops, so the 1st Army Division advanced cautiously. However, after knowing the truth, he decided to withdraw from the north and return to the "38" front confrontation state before the war. In other words, the national policy has been decided, and the soldiers only retreat in obeyance of orders. The American soldiers did not have the death order to rush forward desperately, let alone the ambition to fight back against the encropsion and annihilate the enemy.

The two-time bombing of Shuimen Bridge by the volunteers was indeed

touching, but the Communist Party of China was not allowed to report it afterwards, because the officers and soldiers had to surrender after freezing and starving. The final retreat of the U.S. troops is no longer possible to encounter effective obstruction. As mentioned above, the 9th Communist Army Corps has completely lost its combat effectiveness after weeks of torture. The U.S. military was calmly transferred from Japan to the Steel Bridge. At 14:36 p.m. on December 24, the last U.S. military ship sailed from Xingnan Port. During the retreat of Xingnan, the U.S. military withdrew a total of 105,000 soldiers, 98,000 North Korean civilians, 350,000 tons of supplies and 17,000 vehicles. " Who can believe that the panicked army of "fled and fled" can take away so many people and supplies, including prisoners? South Korean President Moon Jae-in's parents are the survivors of the North Korean civilians who fled that year.

Because there was basically no resistance of the Communist Army later, which surprised the American army. According to the battlefield footage, the U.S. army found the frozen officers and soldiers of the "Ice Sculpture Company" that had been ambushed for six days on the 1081 Heights near the Watergate Bridge, and the U.S. soldiers lined up to pay tribute to them. In fact, the fate of the entire Ninth Corps of the Communist Army is not much different from that of the "Ice Sculpture Company". The U.S. military carried out the order to retreat and ignored their life and death. The book "Korean War" reports in detail every process of the Battle of Changjin Lake. These introductions do not hide the difficult operation of the U.S. army and the accurate record of casualties, as well as the record of their victory. After receiving the order to retreat, Major General Smith, the division commander, calmly told reporters: "The retreat is forced by the enemy to move to the rear area maintained by the friendly army. However, in this battle, the rear was also occupied by the enemy, and defeating the enemy was also one of my purposes. Therefore, we are not retreating, but attacking in different directions. Just after Mao announced that "a large part of the Lu Yi Division had been annihilated,

and the remnants of the enemy continued to be annihilated", Major General Dana, commander of the U.S. military transport command, flew to the division headquarters in the lower corner and suggested that the C-47 "withdraw all troops by air". Smith decisively rejected this suggestion, only agreeing to transport thousands of wounded soldiers, and the rest The troops followed him to fight and carried out MacArthur's retreat order from the ground. This is the First Marine Division of the United States Navy broadcast by Mao Zedong, which "a large part of it has been annihilated, and the remnants of the enemy continue to be annihilated".

As for "the so-called defeat of Changjin Lake by the U.S. military, it completely reversed the war situation in North Korea and laid the foundation for the final great victory of resisting the United States and helping the United States." It's not worth refuting. Shortly after the ceasefire, Kim Ir-sung turned his face. A few years later, the soldiers of the Yan'an faction were cleaned up, all the officers and soldiers stationed in Korea were driven away, and the volunteer mausoleum was destroyed before and after the Cultural Revolution. Today, the large-scale picture of the North Korean armistice in Panmunjom has no volunteer army at all, which is really ironic. The strategic significance of the Battle of Changjin Lake, on the contrary, swept away the pessimistic atmosphere in the United States. After the outbreak of the war, the United Nations army fell into crisis. If the 1st Army Division was annihilated in Changjin Lake, the United Nations army would definitely give up South Korea. The editorial of Time magazine in the United States wrote: "When the First Marine Division reached Xingnan with the heavy siege of the self-defeated Chinese army and set off for Busan with equipment, wounded and prisoners, the Korean War could adopt a different style. The news, photos and movies of the Battle of Changjin Lake played a greater role in determining the policy of the United States than all the statements of the big debate (Note: At that time, the U.S. government and the opposition were debating whether to withdraw troops back to China). The U.S.

people and the strengthened 8th Army are now determined to stay in North Korea.

The U.S. military awarded a total of 17 Medals of Honor and 70 Naval Crosses for the Battle of Changjin Lake. As a battle, this is the most medal awarded in the history of the U.S. military. Time magazine declared in a solemn tone that the Battle of Changjin Lake was "unparalleled in the history of the U.S. military" and "an epic of perseverance and courage".

The truth of the high-level conclusion

In the month-long Battle of Changjin Lake, those living Chinese and American soldiers finally finished the longest road. The retreat of the 1st Army Division in Changjin Lake was regarded by the West as a remarkable tactical victory. The First Division finally arrived in Busan basically intact, and then engaged in the operation against the "Third Battle", but the 9th Communist Corps, which surrounded and annihilated them, suffered heavy losses and had to withdraw from the battle for "repair" and then return to China. Of course, the top officials of the Communist Party of China know the truth, and the "foreign forces" behind them are also quite clear. The Korean War was a competition between the two camps of the United States and the Soviet Union. The Chinese people are just cannon fodder. What are they proud of? The so-called "protecting the family and the country" is just an exposition. All of Mao's telegrams must be reported to Stalin, and Stalin's reply to Mao on May 29 sneered: "There is no basis for the British and American troops to believe that they will be as stupid as Chiang Kai-shek, so that you can destroy the enemy's entire camp and destroy their army according to your choice." Mao's initial decision was to ambitiously destroy several American ace divisions. The pressure faced by Peng Dehuai and Song Shilun, the commander of the Ninth Corps, can be imagined. The U.S. military recalled that the soldiers fell down in pieces, and the last people who rushed up were all political and industrial cadres. Anyway, they

would die when they went back. Therefore, after surrendering or being captured, the vast majority of people finally chose to defect to Taiwan.

But Mao is very good at hiding his face. Everyone knows the end of Peng Dehuai. Song Shilun, the commander of the Ninth Corps, left the court and looked at Changjin Lake from afar. His face was full of tears. He was soon permanently deprived of military power and went to an unknown military academy. His daughter recalled that there was an eternal regret in her heart, but she could not say it: sigh, sadness, and "wonderful pain". Is this better than the dead "ice sculpture company"? In 1955, the Ninth Corps number was abolished. The resentment between Peng Dehuai and the Ninth Corps lasted until their old age. In 1967, Peng Dehuai was injured in the back in the Beijing Military District. "During the break of the congress, Li Zhongqi, then the deputy commander of the Beijing garrison, rushed into the small lounge where Peng Dehuai was detained, punched Peng to the ground viciously, and really stepped on one foot, and shouted, "Peng Dehuai! You also have today!" How do you hit people?" Peng Dehuai reprimanded. " Just beat you, you counter-revolutionary bastard!" Li Zhongqi slapped Peng Dehuai again. Li Zhongqi pushed the marshal to the ground fiercely again. Later, the boss also thought of this person and asked angrily: You are a senior general. How can you beat people? Li Zhongqi, who was angry, wanted to hit someone again at this time, and was finally pushed out of the door by others. There were many reasons for Peng Dehuai's slap in the slap later. The main reason is that the volunteers fought badly in the Battle of Changjin Lake. The 150,000 proud soldiers and fierce generals of the 9th Corps, which had just won the Civil War, were killed and injured more than 90,000 in an instant, which is really unacceptable. The 27th Army is the most elite army in China, and it was easily buried. Li Zhongqi incited Peng Dehuai to slap him, which should be the factor of revenge for Changjin Lake. As for Tao Yong, the deputy commander-in-chief of the Battle of Changjin Lake, he died even more tragically. In 1966, he was directly pushed into the well and drowned by Liu Haotian, the

commander of the 27th Army. Xu Shiyou also gritted his teeth at Song Shilun. It can be seen that Changjin Lake did not fight well, which caused many generals to make a ling.

The above are all rumors, and the audience is unlikely to see the whole truth. However, the Liangzi of Peng Dehuai and Liu Bocheng must be related to the nightmare of Changjin Lake. Long before the Cultural Revolution, Marshal Liu Bocheng's conclusion on the Battle of Changjin Lake had spread throughout the army. When teaching at Nanjing Military Academy, Liu Bocheng said a paragraph to evaluate the final outcome of the Battle of Changjin Lake: "In **the First Battle of Changjin Lake, a cormy of troops surrounded the 1st Division of the U.S. Army War. It was neither annihilated nor defeated. It paid 10 times the price of the enemy, allowing the U.S. army to withdraw from the battle in a fully established manner, and also took away All the wounded and weapons and equipment..."**

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GIs solemnly survey a mass of dead Chinese. *National Archives*

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